At the building of King Solomon's Temple, and before the institution of the degree of $\mathrm{M} . \mathrm{M}_{\text {. }}$ and P.M., there were 80,000 operatives employed, part of which were hewers in the Quarries at Zaradatha, and part builders of the Temple; besides these there was a levy of 30,000 in the forests of Lebanon.

In order that each of the 110,000 worimen might be known to his superior officers, every portion of the work subject to
 punctuality the reward of his industry and scill, tris immense number was divided into 1100 Lodges of $\mathrm{F} C$ and E.1., the latter under the superintendence of the form, who aught them the work; and over the whole presidel? 3,300 i'er atschim, Overseers, or Mark Masters, three over eaci Lodge. These are now usually called W.M. and S. and J.W

Each F.C. had a marh pecul民ir to himself by which his work was known to his :menate overseer. On the other hand, the Overseers had one mark in common, with which they stamped the approval of rr.C.'s Vork. They had also other marks by which they noted $t_{1}$ e jurts-position of any two stones. Thus, without any dilfculty, was each individual's work known and recognised as fefect, nu its proper place indicated. The Master's Mark was the triangle and refers to God, the Grand Geometrician, and Great Overseer of the Universe, to whom we must all submit, and ought most humbly to adore.

These 3,300 Overseers were again subdivided into 100 Lodges, with 33 in each, over whom presided 300 Overseers, also called Menatschim or Mark Masters. They were appointed by Hiram Abiff himself and on them devolved the responsibility of paying
the others their wages.
When the F.Cs. and their Overseers or Mark Masters went to receive their wages, they put their hands in a different manner, and at a different wicket, so that if a F.C. presume to put his hand in at a Mark Master's wicket he was immed'avely detected as an imposter, and the J.W. stood ready at the S.W.'s side with the axe to inflict the prescribed punishrant. This constitutes part of the penal sign of a Mark Mean, and as well as the other part, that of ....was an ancien 0 punishnion among the Sidonians.

It was the duty of the Overseers to examine esch stone, not only as to its soundness, by giving throe blows ip it with a maul, and as to its finish, by turnirg it ovef. zut also as to its being made in exact accord wich th hioring plans previous to its being passed to the s.0., whose duty it was to see that it fulfilled these requi 'tments.

If found perfect $n$ evfry way, it received the Mark Master's Mark and was rent to the Temple, but if not, it was rejected. This was effecyed hö wo or more F.Cs. taking it between them (thus), ant after swaying it backwards and forwards three times, it wâs heaved ver among the rubbish, a circumstance from which is uerived one of the signs called the heaving over sign.

The other signs, namely the dis sign and the sign of thanksgiving are also of early date, their use in this degree being ascribed to a special circumstance which occurred at the building of K.S.T. Once in every six working days it was the custom of the Mark Masters to wait on the acting Grand Master H.A. to receive the working plans, as well as the instructions for
carrying on the work. Part of one of these working plans appears to have been lost, but an ingenious and intelligent F.C., either having seen the perfect plan or forming a good idea of it from the nature of the work, perceived that a stone of very pecumliar axaxix construction was wanting to complete the design.

Probably thinking to gain honour to himself nd displaying superior knowledge, he immediately commencea wocking ous such a stone, and after spending much time and (fabour thereon, ultimately finished and put his mark uponit. Wien the working plans were examined, no place was found for his particular stone, and the F.C. received insiead of Nour, only angry words and reproaches for idjinc away hio time. The stone was ordered to be thrown aside, and his was accordingly tome effected by two F.Cs. veil pleased with the humiliation of their companion's vanity.

The sorrowful F.C. onsceing kxax the unworthy treatment of his work, p?d his hand to his cheek and resting his head upon it i. 4 disponsolate manner, exclaimed; Alas; Alas ! my labpur is 7ost. This is the third sign of the degree and ca. Ied the bis. sign.

The stone long lay hid among the rubbish. At length, however, the time drew near when the Keystone for the Sacred Arch of K.S.T., to which the portion of the working plan before alluded to referred, was required. Search was made at the Tempie, but no such sone could be found, and on further examination it was indscovered that no stone of the requisite form and construction had ever been brought there.

The Overseer of that portion of the building immediately sent to the Overseer at the Quarries, who, he supposed, had been entrusted with the plans and orders for this portion of the work, to enquire why this stone had not been forwarded with the others, and received for answer that there was no pron for any such stone amongst those entrusted to his care. The work was at a standstill, and the reason was dempme by and explained to H.A. who not only recollected dran the onen and giving the ordeqs for the particular stre, bat also giving them himself to the Mark Master; the latter was reprimanded for his carelessness in bosing any portion his pland on learning the nature of the stone, it occurae to his recollection that one of a similar description hat been cut by one of his workmen. He at once infomed $H . ~ t . t$ ereof and adding that, not finding it on his woraing plon, he had refused to mark it, and had caused it to rejected. H.A. sent forthwith for the F.C. who had cut the stom, and from his replies found that this must be the ey stone required. Instant and careful search was orderea be nate for it at the quarry, and it was at last founa uninjured.

20 evince has approbation of the skill and ability displayed by the ingenious F.C., H.A. directed that he should be forthwith advanced to the honourable degree of Mark Master, and ordered hin to cut the Mark Master's Mark of approval on the stone around his own, and outside of it eight letters, with respect to which there is some ambiguity from the tradition not having been retained in the original language, but they are usually considared to represent H.T.W.S.S.T.K.S.

The stone was conveyed to the Temple with much pomp and parade and while it was being fixed in its paace, the newly made Mark Master, in an ecstasy of joy, clasped his hands together after the manner described as the fourth sign of the degree, and looking upwards, exclaimed, Thanks be to God; S have marked well.

